

Board – ICSE

Class – 9<sup>th</sup>

Topic – UPTHURST IN FLUIDS, ARCHIMEDES PRINCIPLE & FLOATATION 1

1. A cylindrical solid of area of cross section  $0.0004 \text{ m}^2$  and length  $0.30 \text{ m}$  is completely immersed in water. Calculate
  - (i) Weight of solid in S.I. system
  - (ii) Upthrust acting on solid in S.I system
  - (iii) Apparent weight of solid in (a) water (b) alcohol.

[Take  $g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$  ; density of water =  $1000 \text{ kgm}^{-3}$ ; Density of alcohol =  $780 \text{ kgm}^{-3}$ ; Density of solid =  $1500 \text{ kgm}^{-3}$  ]
2. A stone of density  $3000 \text{ kgm}^3$  is lying submerged in water of density  $1000 \text{ kgm}^3$ . If the mass of stone in air is  $150 \text{ kg}$ , calculate the force required to lift the stone. [ $g = 10 \text{ ms}^2$ ]
3. A glass cylinder of length  $12 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$  and area of cross section  $5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$  has a density of  $2500 \text{ kgm}^{-3}$ . It is immersed in a liquid of density  $1500 \text{ kgm}^{-3}$ , such that  $3/8$ . of its length is above liquid. Find the apparent weight of glass cylinder in newtons.
4. A solid weighs  $0.08 \text{ kgf}$  in air and  $0.065 \text{ kgf}$  in water. Find
  - (1) R.D. of solid
  - (2) Density of solid in SI system. [Density of water =  $1000 \text{ kgm}^3$ ]
5. A solid of R.D. 2.5 is found to weigh  $0.120 \text{ kgf}$  in water. Find the wt. of solid in air.
6. A sinker is found to weigh  $56.7 \text{ gf}$  in water. When the sinker is tied to a cork of weight  $6 \text{ gf}$ , the combination is found to weigh  $40.5 \text{ gf}$  in water. Calculate R.D. of cork.
7. An aluminium cube of side  $5 \text{ cm}$  and RD. 2.7 is suspended by a thread in alcohol of relative density 0.80. Find the tension in thread.
8. A hollow cylinder of copper of length  $25 \text{ cm}$  and area of cross-section  $15 \text{ cm}^2$ , floats in water with  $3/5$  of its length inside water. Calculate :
  - i. apparent density of hollow copper cylinder.
  - ii. wt. of cylinder.
  - iii. extra force required to completely submerge it in water.
9. A cork cut in the form of a cylinder floats in alcohol of density  $0.8 \text{ gcm}^{-3}$ , such that  $3/4$  of its length is outside alcohol. If the total length of cylinder is  $35 \text{ cm}$  and area of cross-section  $25 \text{ cm}^2$ , calculate :
  - (i) Density of cork

- (ii) Wt. of cork
  - (iii) Extra force required to submerge it in alcohol
10. An iceberg floats in sea water of density  $1.17 \text{ g cm}^{-3}$ , such that  $2/9$  of its volume is above sea water. Find the density of iceberg.
11. What fraction of an iceberg of density  $910 \text{ kgm}^{-3}$  will be above the surface of sea water of density  $1170 \text{ kgm}^{-3}$ ?
12. A balloon of volume  $100 \text{ m}^3$  is filled with hot air of density  $0.40 \text{ kgm}^{-3}$ . If the fabric of balloon weighs  $16 \text{ kgf}$  and equipment P is attached to it, such that balloon is in the state of equilibrium, calculate
- (i) Wt. of only hot air
  - (ii) Wt. of hot air and balloon
  - (iii) Wt. of hot air , balloon and equipment
  - (iv) Wt. of cold air displaced
- Weight of equipment of P, when density of cold air is  $1.3 \text{ kgm}^{-3}$
13. A test tube loaded with lead shots, floats to the mark X in water. The test tube along with lead shots, weighs  $30 \text{ gf}$ . When the test tube is made to float in brine,  $4.5 \text{ g}$  of load shots are added in it, to make it float upto the level X. Find the R.D. of brine.